trains, buses, schools and universities.

7. Control of smoking in work places.

The proposed legislation is under examination in consultation with the Ministry of Law and other concerned authorities.

Limits for setting up of larger units registered with DG.T.D.

*96. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that units which are registered with the D.G.T.D. as larger units, cannot be set up within a radius of 50 km. of Matropolitan cities;

(b) if so, whether there are any exceptions to this rule; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) to (c) D.G.T.D. registration can be granted if an industrial undertaking is proposed to be set up outside the distance limits specified below:

Category—I 50 Kms. of cities with population above 25 lakhs.

Category—II 30 Kms. of cities with population between 15 and 25 lakhs.

Category—III 15 Kms. of cities with population between 7.5 and 15 lakhs.

Category—IV standard urban area or municipal limits of other cities and towns.

Relaxation from locational policy is available if:

(i) investment is less than Rs. 5 crores;

(ii) the industry is non-polluting; and

(iii) the undertaking is being set up in an industrial area developed prior to 30 June, 1988 by State Governments or their agencies or the undertaking is graduating from the small scale to the medium scale or not less than 2/3 of the work force employed by the undertaking consists of women or handicapped persons.

Proposals involving locational relaxation, not covered above, are considered by the appropriate Approval Committee and decided on merits.

Leprosy Prone Districts

*97. DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) how many districts in the country have a leprosy prevalence rate of over 5 per thousand; and

(b) how many of these districts have Multi Drug Therapy (MDT) facilities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RASHEED MASOOD): (a) 196 as on 31st March, 1985.

(b) 130.

Action Plan for State Governments to Liquidate their overdues towards NTPC and NHPC

*98. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the State Governments have been advised for an "action plan" to liquidate their overdues towards NTPC and NHPC;

(b) if so, what progress has been made in this regard so far; and

(c) what are the outstanding dues of NTPC and NHPC from the State Electricity Boards, Coal India Limited and the Railways, separately?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI ARIF MOHD. KHAN): (a) and (b) Action Plans for the recovery of dues of the NTPC and the NHPC have been formulated in consultation with the respective SEB's, to recover the dues in a time bound manner.

(c) Outstanding dues of the NTPC and NHPC as on 31-3-1990 from State Governments in respect of their State Electricity Boards are as follows. The NTPC and NHPC do not supply power directly to Coal India Limited and the Railways:—

Dues as on 31-3-1990 (Rs. in Crores)

States/Union Territories	NTPC	NHPC
1. Uttar Pradesh	289.07	..
2. Rajasthan	107.12	..
3. Punjab	0.79	17.84
4. Haryana	70.27	33.79
5. Himachal Pradesh	5.28	10.85
6. Jammu & Kashmir	8.75	22.93
7. Chandigarh	0.54	..
8. Delhi Electricity Supply Undertaking	46.87	3.56
9. Madhya Pradesh	107.72	..
10. Maharashtra	31.50	..
11. Gujarat	26.62	..
12. Andhra Pradesh	4.90	..
13. Karnataka	26.88	..
14. Tamil Nadu	36.49	..
15. Kerala	7.12	..
16. Goa	0.05	..
17. West Bengal	30.23	9.11
18. Bihar	95.60	26.93
19. Orissa	18.32	10.81
20. Sikkim	0.57	0.36
21. Nagaland	..	(–) 0.10
22. Manipur	..	7.95
23. Assam	..	16.58
TOTAL	914.69	160.61